

Advanced Programming with Java

Summary

Ohad Barzilay

Initialization

```
public class Foo {
    static int bar;

    public static void main (String args []) {
        bar += 1;
        System.out.println("bar = " + bar);
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובות מתקדם ב Java
אנליטיקת תל אביב

2

Initialization

```
public class Test {
    private int a = getB();
    private int b = 5;

    private int getB() {
        return b;
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        System.out.println((new Test()).a);
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובות מתקדם ב Java
אנליטיקת תל אביב

3

Initialization

```
public class Test {
    private int b = 5;
    private int a = getB();

    private int getB() {
        return b;
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        System.out.println((new Test()).a);
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובות מתקדם ב Java
אנליטיקת תל אביב

4

Exceptions

```
int i=1, j=1;
try {
    i++;
    j--;
    if (i/j > 1)
        i++;
} catch(ArithmeticException e) {
    System.out.println(1);
} catch(Exception e) {
    System.out.println(2);
} finally {
    System.out.println(3);
}
```

What is the output?

תגובות מתקדם ב Java
אנליטיקת תל אביב

5

Pass by Value

```
public class PassTest1 {

    public static void changeInt(int value) {
        value = 55;
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int val;

        // Assign the int
        val = 11;
        // Try to change it
        changeInt(val);
        // What is the current value?
        System.out.println(val);
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובות מתקדם ב Java
אנליטיקת תל אביב

6

Pass by Value

```
public class PassTest2 {  
  
    public static void changeObjectRef(MyPoint ref) {  
        ref = new MyPoint(1, 1);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        MyPoint point;  
        // Assign the point  
        point = new MyPoint(22, 7);  
        // Try to change it  
        changeObjectRef(point);  
        // What is the current value?  
        System.out.println(point);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class MyPoint {  
    int x;  
    int y;  
  
    public MyPoint(int x, int y) {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public String toString() {  
        return "x = " + x + " y = " + y + " ";  
    }  
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

Pass by Value

```
public class PassTest3 {  
  
    public static void changeObjectAttr(MyPoint ref) {  
        ref.setX(4);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        MyPoint point;  
        // Assign the point  
        point = new MyPoint(22, 7);  
  
        changeObjectAttr(point);  
  
        // What is the current value?  
        System.out.println(point);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class MyPoint {  
    int x;  
    int y;  
  
    public MyPoint(int x, int y) {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
  
    public void setX(int x) {  
        this.x = x;  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public String toString() {  
        return "x = " + x + " y = " + y + " ";  
    }  
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

Homework

Pass By-Value

```
public class Test {  
    private static class Value { int v = 1; }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Test test = new Test();  
        int v = 2;  
        Value value = new Value();  
        value.v = 3;  
        foo(value, v);  
        System.out.println(value.v + " " + v);  
    }  
  
    private static void foo(Value value, int v) {  
        v = 4;  
        value.v = 5;  
        value = new Value();  
        System.out.println(value.v + " " + v);  
    }  
}
```

What is the output?

String Interning

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    if ("hello".substring(0) == "hello")  
        System.out.println("statement 1 is true");  
  
    if ("hello".substring(1) == "ello")  
        System.out.println("statement 2 is true");  
  
    if ("hello".replace('l','l') == "hello")  
        System.out.println("statement 3 is true");  
  
    if ("hello".replace("h","H") == "hello".replace("h","H"))  
        System.out.println("statement 4 is true");  
  
    if ("hello".replace("h","H") == "Hello")  
        System.out.println("statement 5 is true");  
}
```

What is the output?

String Interning

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    String s1 = "he";  
    String s2 = "he" + "llo";  
    String s3 = s1 + "llo";  
  
    if (s2.equals(s3))  
        System.out.println("statement 1 is true");  
    if (s2 == "hello")  
        System.out.println("statement 2 is true");  
    if (s2 == s3)  
        System.out.println("statement 3 is true");  
    if (s2 == new String("hello"))  
        System.out.println("statement 4 is true");  
    if (s2 == s3.intern())  
        System.out.println("statement 5 is true");  
    if (s3 == s2.intern())  
        System.out.println("statement 6 is true");  
}
```

What is the output?

Visibility

```
public class A {  
    private int bar = 0;  
  
    public boolean isEqual(A a) {  
        return (bar == a.bar);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        A a1 = new A();  
        A a2 = new A();  
        System.out.println(a1.isEqual(a2));  
    }  
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

Interfaces

```
public interface Foo {
    public void bar()
        throws Exception;
}

public class FooImpl implements Foo {
    public void bar() {
        System.out.println("An exception is not thrown");
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Foo foo = new FooImpl();
        foo.bar();
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

13

Interfaces

```
public interface Foo {
    public void bar()
        throws Exception;
}

public class FooImpl implements Foo {
    public void bar() {
        System.out.println("No exception is thrown");
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        FooImpl foo = new FooImpl();
        foo.bar();
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

14

Interfaces and Inheritance

Consider the following class hierarchy:

```
Interface Animal {...}
class Dog implements Animal {...}
class Poodle extends Dog {...}
class Labrador extends Dog {...}
```

Which of the following lines (if any) will not compile?

```
Poodle poodle = new Poodle();
Animal animal = (Animal) poodle;
Dog dog = new Labrador();
```

poodle = dog;

תגובת מתקדם ב Java
אנא ברשימת תל אביב

15

Interfaces and Inheritance

```
class A {
    public void print() {
        System.out.println("A");
    }
}

class B extends A implements C {
}

interface C {
    void print();
}
```

Is there any error?

תגובת מתקדם ב Java
אנא ברשימת תל אביב

16

Interfaces and Inheritance

```
class A {
    void print() {
        System.out.println("A");
    }
}

class B extends A implements C {
}

interface C {
    void print();
}
```

Is there any error?

תגובת מתקדם ב Java
אנא ברשימת תל אביב

17

Method Overloading

```
public class A {
    public void foo(Object o) {
        System.out.println("Object");
    }

    public void foo(String s) {
        System.out.println("String");
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        A a = new A();
        a.foo(null);
    }
}
```

•Does the code compile? If no, why?
•Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב Java
אנא ברשימת תל אביב

18

Method Overloading

```
public class A {
    private static class B {}
    private static class C extends B {}
    public void foo(B b) {
        System.out.println("B");
    }
    public void foo(C c) {
        System.out.println("C");
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        A a = new A();
        a.foo(null);
    }
}
```

•Does the code compile? If no, why?
•Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

19

Method Overloading

```
public class A {
    public void foo(StringBuffer sb) {
        System.out.println("StringBuffer");
    }
    public void foo(String s) {
        System.out.println("String");
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        A a = new A();
        a.foo(null);
    }
}
```

•Does the code compile? If no, why?
•Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

20

Method Overriding

```
public class A {
    public void print() {
        System.out.println("A");
    }
}
public class B extends A {
    public void print(){
        System.out.println("B");
    }
}
```

```
public class C {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        B b = new B();
        A a = b;
        b.print();
        a.print();
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

Method Overriding & Visibility

```
public class A {
    public void print() {
        System.out.println("A");
    }
}
public class B extends A {
    protected void print() {
        System.out.println("B");
    }
}
```

```
public class C {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        B b = new B();
        b.print();
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

22

Method Overriding & Visibility

```
public class A {
    protected void print() {
        System.out.println("A");
    }
}
public class B extends A {
    public void print() {
        System.out.println("B");
    }
}
```

```
public class C {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        B b = new B();
        b.print();
    }
}
```

What is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

23

Inheritance

```
public class A {
    private void foo() {
        System.out.println("A.foo()");
    }
    public void bar() {
        System.out.println("A.bar()");
        foo();
    }
}
public class B extends A {
    public void foo() {
        System.out.println("B.foo()");
    }
}
```

```
public class D {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        A a = new B();
        a.bar();
    }
}
```

Does the code compile? If no, why?
Does the code throw a runtime exception?
If yes, why? If no, what is the output?

תגובת מתקדם ב
אניברסיטת תל אביב

Inheritance

```
public class A {  
    public void foo() {...}  
}
```

How can you invoke the foo method of A within B?

```
public class B extends A {  
    public void foo() {...}  
}
```

Inheritance

```
public class A {  
    public void foo() {...}  
}
```

How can you invoke the foo method of A within C?

```
public class B extends A {  
    public void foo() {...}  
}
```

```
public class C extends B {  
    public void foo() {...}  
}
```

Inheritance & Constructors

```
public class A {  
    String bar = "A.bar";  
    A() { foo(); }  
    public void foo() {  
        System.out.println("A.foo(): bar = " + bar);  
    }  
}  
  
public class B extends A {  
    String bar = "B.bar";  
    B() { foo(); }  
    public void foo() {  
        System.out.println("B.foo(): bar = " + bar);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class D {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        A a = new B();  
        System.out.println("a.bar = " + a.bar);  
        a.foo();  
    }  
}
```

What is the output?

Inheritance & Constructors

```
public class A {  
    protected B b = new B();  
    public A() { System.out.println("in A: no args."); }  
    public A(String s) { System.out.println("in A: s = " + s); }  
}
```

What is the output?

```
public class B {  
    public B() { System.out.println("in B: no args."); }  
}
```

```
class C extends A {  
    protected B b;  
    public C() { System.out.println("in C: no args."); }  
    public C(String s) { System.out.println("in C: s = " + s); }  
}
```

```
public class D {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        C c = new C();  
        A a = new C();  
    }  
}
```

Inheritance & Constructors

```
public class A {  
    protected B b = new B();  
    public A() { System.out.println("in A: no args."); }  
    public A(String s) { System.out.println("in A: s = " + s); }  
}
```

What is the output?

```
public class B {  
    public B() { System.out.println("in B: no args."); }  
}
```

```
public class C extends A {  
    protected B b;  
    public C() { System.out.println("in C: no args."); }  
    public C(String s) { System.out.println("in C: s = " + s); }  
}
```

```
public class D {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        C c = new C("c");  
        A a = new C("a");  
    }  
}
```

Inheritance & Constructors

```
public class A {  
    String bar = "A.bar";  
}
```

```
public class B extends A {  
    String bar = "B.bar";  
    B() { foo(); }  
    public void foo() {  
        System.out.println("B.foo(): bar = " + bar);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class D {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        A a = new B();  
        System.out.println(a.bar);  
        a.foo();  
    }  
}
```

What is the result?

Local Class

```
public class Test {  
    public int a = 0;  
    private int b = 1;  
  
    public void foo(final int c) {  
        int d = 2;  
  
        class InnerTest {  
            private void bar(int e) {  
                  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Which variables (a, b, c, d, e) are accessible at the highlighted line?

31

Good-Luck!!!

תכנתת מחקרים ב Java
אנטיבירוסית תל אביב

32