



Operating Systems

Lesson 2



Plan

- Assignment (due in 2 weeks)
 - Description
 - Hints
- Windows Files
 - File object
 - Disks and clusters
- Sample
 - Enumerate file in the folder
 - Unicode signature



Electronic Submission (Reminder)

- Create a directory called **os08b** in your home directory
- For each homework assignment, create directory within ~/os08b, called **/ex01**, **/ex02**, etc.
- For each assignment create two subdirectories **code** and **bin**
- Under **code**
 - source code (.cpp, .h)
 - project files (.sln, .vcproj)
- Under **bin**
 - executables (.exe)
- Make sure you give read permissions to everyone for the whole path
- **Important:** write your username and id on the hardcopy

Assignment #1 (due in 2 week)

- Write “dir2file” utility
 - Accept path to a folder and path to an output file
 - The utility should produce a file with list of files in the input folder and exit immediately
 - Do not include(ignore) system files , sub-folders and “dotted” folders in the output
 - New output file shall be created/ overwritten each time the utility will run
 - Output file will have a line per file (see format below)
 - Unicode (e.g. Hebrew) file names and paths should be processed
 - Assume file sizes are less then 2Mbytes
 - Assume folder of the output file exists (but not necessary file itself)
 - All **file operations** are through system calls only (**no CRT calls**)
- Input Format/Usage
 - Dir2File .exe “c:\\my folder\\” “c:\\”
- Output Format
 - FileName <TAB>FileSize<TAB>FileSizeOnDisk<TAB>FileHashValue\r\n
 - Example: **File.txt** **1245** **4096** **15**
 - Note that first field does not include full file path
 - Hash value is a numeric value of file middle byte (2nd byte for file of length 4 bytes and 3rd for length 7 bytes)
 - FileSizeOnDisk will be discussed today
- **Will be checked automatically so please stick to input/output format**

Assignment #1: (Tips)

- Use `_sprintf` to format a string in memory before writing to a file
- Use “`%s\t%d\t%d\t%d\r\n`” format string for `_sprintf`
- Use `TCHAR` and `LPTSTR` and `_T` to support Unicode
- Check return values through `assert`
- Divide your code into functions and debug them one by one
- Intelligently comment your code
- Design test sets and test your code before submission
- Use “command arguments” entry in Visual Studio project’s debug property window

Assignment #1 (Hints)

- Use safe functions
 - `_tsplitpath_s`, `_tcscat`, `_tcscpy`, `_stprintf`
 - `strsafe.h` (`StringCchCopy`, `StringCchCat`, ...)
- `ZeroMemory` (structure initialization)
- `CreateFile/ReadFile/WriteFile/CloseHandle`
- `FindFirstFile/FindNextFile/FindClose`
- `SetFilePointer`
- `GetDiskFreeSpace`

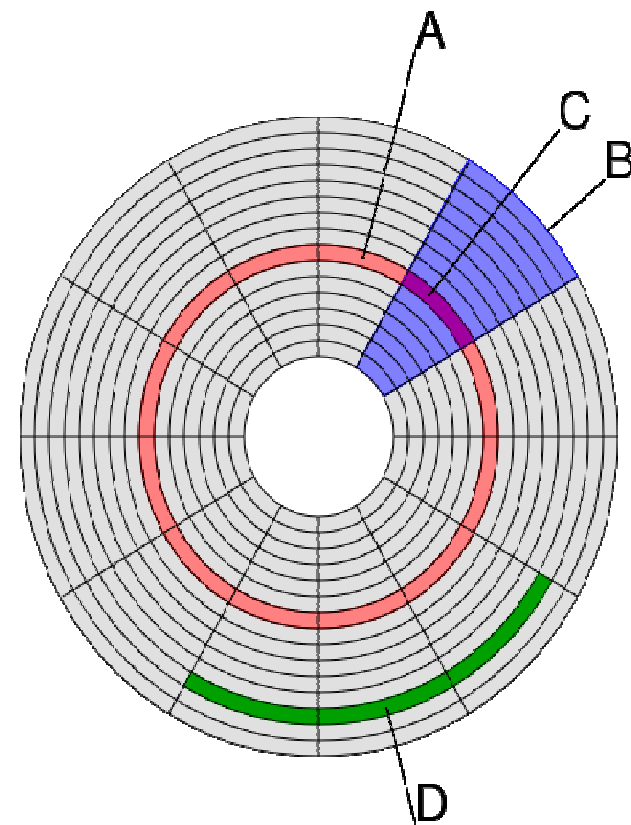
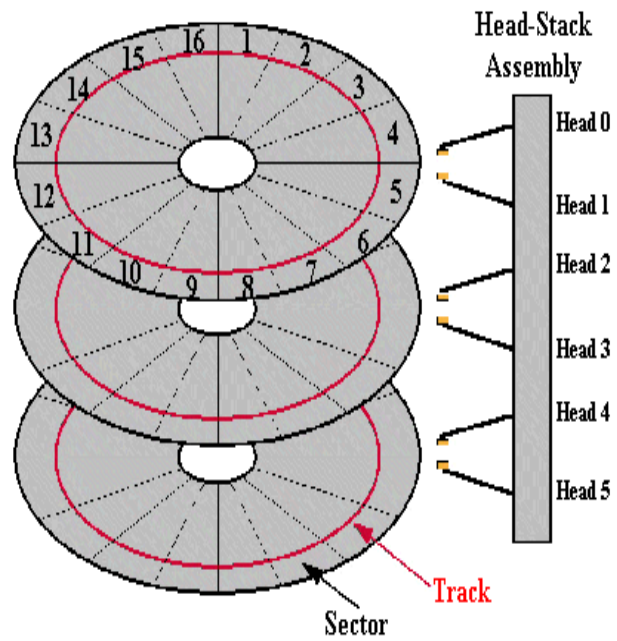


Windows File

- An object (API requires handle)
- Has a name: mydoc.doc
- Has a full path: c:\my folder\mydoc.doc
- Has a size
- Windows keeps file times
 - Create/Write/Access time
- File Attributes
 - Read-only/System/Hidden
- Has a content (bytes)
- Sequential or direct access
 - Sequential access (from start to end)
 - Direct access (read at specific position)

Hard disk

Drive Physical and Logical Organization





Cluster

- Minimal unit of physical storage management
- A File stored at one or more
- Half-used cluster not used by other files
- Storage required to store a file is number of cluster it occupies multiplied by cluster size in bytes.
- Different File Systems have different cluster sizes. (e.g. NTFS/FAT32)
- Use Windows file properties dialog to see how much space a file occupies



More hints for assignment

- Use **GetDiskFreeSpace** to disk calculate cluster size
- Use **_tsplitpath_s** to construct disk root folder (remember different disks might have different file systems)
- Before writing to the output file , put 2 bytes UNICODE signature
- Don't forget to close a file.
- Use **SetFilePointer** to set a reader pointer at the desired position