


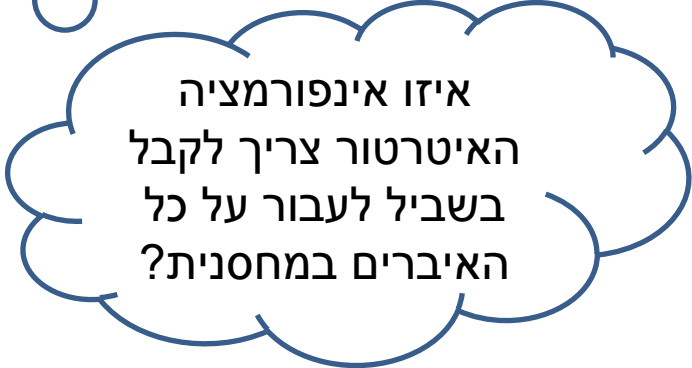
```
public class StackOfInts {  
    public static int DEFAULT_STACK_CAPACITY = 10;  
    private int[] rep;  
    private int count;  
    public StackOfInts() {  
        count = -1;  
        rep = new int[DEFAULT_STACK_CAPACITY];  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args){  
    StackOfInts sOI = new StackOfInts();  
    //some code  
  
    for (Integer currItem : sOI){  
  
        Iterator<Integer> it = sOI.iterator();  
        while(it.hasNext()){  
            Integer currItem = it.next();  
        }  
    }  
}
```



לולאת forEach
תעבוד רק על
אובייקט שהוא
Iterable

```
public class StackOfInts implements Iterable<Integer>{
    public static int DEFAULT_STACK_CAPACITY = 10;
    private int[] rep;
    private int count;
    public StackOfInts() {
        count = -1;
        rep = new int[DEFAULT_STACK_CAPACITY];
    }
    @Override
    public Iterator<Integer> iterator() {
        return new IntStackIt(????);
    }
}
```



איזו אינפורמציה
האיטרטור צריך לקבל
בשביל לעבור על כל
האיברים במחסנית?

```
public class IntStackIt implements Iterator<Integer>{
    private int[] rep;
    private int lastItemIndex;
    private int currIndex;

    public IntStackIt(int[] rep, int lastItemIndex){
        this.rep = rep;
        this.lastItemIndex = lastItemIndex;
        this.currIndex = ???;
    }

    public boolean hasNext() {
        return ???;
    }
    @Override
    public Integer next() {
        return ???;
    }
}
```

```
public class MyList<T>{  
  
    private class Cell {  
        private T cont;  
        private Cell next;  
  
        public T cont() {  
            return cont;  
        }  
  
        public Cell next() {  
            return next;  
        } // ...{  
    }  
  
    private Cell head;  
    // ...  
}
```

```

public class MyList<T> implements Iterable<T>{

    private class Cell {
        private T cont;
        private Cell next;
        public T cont() {
            return cont;
        }
        public Cell next() {
            return next;
        } // ...{
    }
    private Cell head;
    // ...

    @Override
    public Iterator<T> iterator() {
        return new MyListIterator<T>(????);
    }
}

```

```
public class MyList<T> implements Iterable<T>{
```

```
    //previous code here
```

```
    public Iterator<T> iterator() {  
        return new MyListIterator(head);  
    }
```

```
    private class MyListIterator implements Iterator<T>{  
        private Cell curr;
```

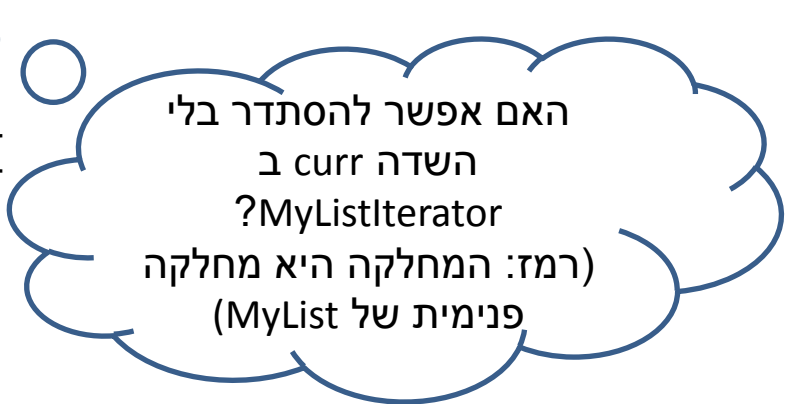
```
        public MyListIterator(Cell head){  
            this.curr = head;  
        }
```

```
        @Override  
        public boolean hasNext() {  
            return ???;  
        }
```

```
        @Override  
        public T next() {  
            return ???;  
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```



האם אפשר להסתדר בלי
השדה ב curr
?MyListIterator
(רמז: המחלקה היא מחלקה
פנימית של MyList)